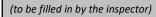
Naturland performance report

Checklist_Wildfish_APASA_Tuna_Fishery (7.2) Season: 2021





Are there major deviations? ☐ yes (to be dealt with high priority x no	()						
Name of operator:	APASA (Associação de Pro	dutores de Atum e Similares dos	Açores)				
Name of inspector:	Henry Ernst						
Date of inspection:	29/11/2021	Inspection x announced	= On the coat increation				
Start of inspection (time):	10am	unannounced	☐ On-the-spot inspection x remote inspection				
End of inspection (time):	11:45 am						
Following non-compliances have be 1) see annex for details on current a 2)			for annotations!):				
In the event that Naturland has sub- inspection:Please indicate here the 1) Video footage of fishing process (slaughtering, and FAD use were the	results of the inspection ar both for bait and target spe	nd any infringements:					
Please list here (or in annex for annotations) all the conditions from last Naturland certification letter and explain if these conditions are fulfilled or not: 1) see Annex 2)							
Recommendations/ conditions for (the operator will be officially inform 1) 2)							
Statement from the operator (for N	laturland):						
The signatories confirm with their signanger of the operation confirms report. □ A copy of this document was left x A copy of this document will have	with his signature the comp with the operation	leteness of the information laid o	down in this inspection				
Operation/manager:		Inspector: Henry Ernst, Bilbao (ES), 30 N	November 2021				
Place, date, signature		Place, date, signature					

Checkliste_aWildfisch_APASA_Tuna_Fishery (7.2) Season: **2021**

18.02.2021 1/10

Naturland Inspection Checklist - Season: **2021**

Checklist_Wildfish_APASA_Tuna_Fishery

Name of operator:

APASA



Please take with you the latest version of the Naturland standard at every inspection! This checklist requires the following supplementary documents: Naturland performance report (page 1), annex(es) where applicable Checkpoints marked with * are explained in detail in the supplementary sheet 'Comments'. In case a checkpoint is only partially fulfilled, please mark 'NO'! In case you answer any question with 'NO', please provide an explanation (in comment field or annex) in any case!	ОК	ON	NOT RELEVANT	NOT CHECKED		
A.I.6 Monitoring of environmental contaminants						
All analysis have been carried out according to the guidelines. Please refer to the table of the protocol of "Project-specific management of a pole and line skipjack tuna (Katsuwonus pelamis) and albacore tuna (Thunnus alalunga) fishery in the ICES areas 27.10 (Azores) and 34.1.2 (Madeira)"	X	no				
Comments / explanations: The cannery conducts these tests, there have been no issues in the past year.		□ see	e annex	no		
A III Naturland Checklist Social Responsibility						
Naturland Checklist Social Responsibility has been completed. *	X	no				
Comments / explanations: Checklist has been completed in line with the requirements for Distance audits.						
Remarks: Just for inspections at Lake Victoria: This requirement only applies to employees (formal and informa but not to self-employed or freelancing fishermen.	ıl emplo	yment, l	nired lab	oour)		
B.1.1 Expert meeting						
The next expert meeting is scheduled latest for December 2021. *		no	X			
Comments / explanations: after discussion with a Naturland authority, it was stated that in the latest standard review, the regularity of the expert meetings had been changed from every two years to every four years. As such, the latest an expert meeting could be held for this fishery is now 2023.						
Remarks: Just relevant in year 2021						
B 1.2 Topics expert meeting						
Following topics have been discussed in expert meeting: Observation of bait stock Continuous research of dolphin bycatch *		no	X			
Comments / explanations:		□ see	e annex	no		
Remarks: Just relevant in year 2021 Please check protocol expert meeting						

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B 2.4	Evaluation of skipjack tuna and albacore tuna stock					
for assessing the the two skipjack subject to overfis be found here:	al Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT) is the body responsible e status of tuna populations in the Atlantic Ocean. The latest stock assessments of stocks (eastern and western) suggest that the stocks are neither overfished nor shing. The link to the latest ICCAT stock assessment summary for skipjack tuna can cat.int/Documents/SCRS/ExecSum/SKJ_ENG.pdf	X	no			
The most recent ICCAT stock assessment of the north Atlantic albacore tuna stock suggests that the stock is not in an overfished state and that overfishing is not likely to occur. Catches of this stock are below MSY. The latest ICCAT summary report of the Atlantic albacore stock status can be found here: https://www.iccat.int/Documents/SCRS/ExecSum/ALB_ENG.pdf						
fishery. The spawning bid	ed a harvest control rule (HCR) for the management of the northern albacore tuna omass (SBB) for skipjack tuna and albacore at all catching areas is at or above the ould produce maximum sustainable yield (SSB MSY).					
Comments / exp	Comments / explanations: see annex ☐ see annex no				no	
В 2.7а	Catch quota					
The nationally al	llocated quota of the fishery was met. *		no			
1097 tons. The re	olanations: in 2020 the quota for Portugal for Albacore was 2273 tons, the APASA flee est of the catch was in Madeira. As a whole, Portugal did not reach the quota for 202 no TAC. APASA members caught 644 tons of skipjack in 2020. See annex for more inf	20. For	□ 3€	e annex	no	
Remarks: Important: Pleas previous season.	se indicate here the quota of the fishery for the fishing season as well as the quantiti	es actua	ally caug	tht in the	9	
B 2.7 b	Fishing restrictions					
The skipjack tuna	a and albacore tuna stock are not critically jeopardized. *	X	no.			
Comments / explanations: see remarks below, and the annex entry for B2.4.						
could be at, ever According to the	e ICCAT REPORT 2018-2019 it is unlikely that the eastern/western skipjack stock is oven above, the MSY. EICCAT REPORT 2018-2019 it is unlikely that the northern/south atlantic albacore tun could be at, even above, the MSY.					

Checkliste_aWildfisch_APASA_Tuna_Fishery (7.2) Season: **2021** 18.02.2021

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B 2.7 c Fishing methods					
The fishery is carried out exclusively with pole and line. The bait fishery is in compliance with European regulations. The only fishing gears used for the bait fishery are small purse seines. There is no bycatch of marine mammals within the bait fishery.	X	no			
Comments / explanations: no changes since the previous year's audit. There was no bycatch of marin mammals, and the analysis of video footage confirms this.	e	□ se	e annex	no	
B 2.7 d Fish Aggregating Device					
Fish Aggregating Device (FAD's) are not used to attract tuna schools within this fishery. *	X	no			
Comments / explanations: Video checks found no evidence of FADs being used in the fishery. As was reported in the previous audit.		□ se	e annex	no	
Remarks: Please check in movie if FAD's can be seen to attract tuna schools					
B 2.7 e Ratio baitfish to skipjack					
The ratio of the baitfish in the tuna fishery is optimized with a ratio of 21:1 kg (tuna:baitfish) *	X	no.			
Comments / explanations: POPA already do those calculations every year. They don't report baitfish but the observer checks it and have an approximate measure. There is a % of baitfish that survives when thrown back into the water.					
Reference paper: Total marine fishery catch for the Azores (1950–2010) Christopher K. Pham*, Angela Canha, Hugo Diogo, Joa~o G. Pereira, Rui Prieto, and Telmo Morato Centro do IMAR da Universidade dos Ac,ores, Departamento de Oceanografia e Pescas and Laborato Prof. Frederico Machado No. 4, 9901–862 Horta, Faial, Ac,ores, Portugal	´rio Ass	ociado L	ARSyS, I	Rua	
B 2.7 f Protected areas					
The fishermen respect the marine protected areas. *	X	o.l			
Comments / explanations: same as in the previous audit. MPAs are the same. There is a new programme with blue foundation who want to increase by 30% the number of MPAs but in 2021 and 2022 there will be no changes (15% of EEZ is MPA currently).					
Remarks: Comparison of marine protected areas map and vessel tracking					
B 2.7 g Documentation of catch					
Each landing of the fish is controlled and documented by the fishing authorities.	X	no.			
Comments / explanations: no changes since the previous inspection. Further details in annex.			e annex	no	

Checkliste_aWildfisch_APASA_Tuna_Fishery (7.2) Season: **2021** 18.02.2021

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B 2.7 h Documentation of bycatch of endangered species					
Bycatch of endangered species (Red List of IUCN / ETP - endangered, threatened, protected species) and marine mammals must be documented and released alive. *	X	no			
Comments / explanations: No ETP species interacting with the gear, sometimes they'll see them. POPA observes ensure this is met.		□ see	e annex	no	
Remarks: Please check in movie if bycatch occurred and was documented. Please also check papers of landing for record of possible bycatches					
B 2.7 i Slaughtering					
The tuna is immediately slaughtered by hand when arriving on board. *		no			
Comments / explanations: same situation as the previous audit. ☐ see annex no					
Remarks:					
Please check in movie the slaughtering procedure					
B 2.7 j Undersized fish					
The fishermen try to avoid juvenile fish to minimize the percentage of undersized fish in the catch. *	X	no			
<u>Comments / explanations:</u> because of the selective nature of the fishery, they are able to target specifically the size they are after. No size limit for albacore. If there is a lot of fish they'll implement minimum sizes. They want to fish the larger specimens.		□ see	e annex	no	
Remarks: Please check in movie if juvenile / undersized fish was caught. Juvenile fish is released back to the sea.					
B 2.7 k Research and observations					
Scientists and observers have the permission to accompany the fishing vessels for research purposes	X	no			
Comments / explanations: Yes, as always. POPA observers are often on board. Their government has own vessel and conduct their own research operations independent from the fisheries. The POPA che catch, garbage management, MPA respect.		□ see	e annex	no	
B 2.7 I POPA observers on pole and line boats					
POPA observers accompany around 90 fishing trips per year on pole and line tuna fishing boats.	X	no			
Comments / explanations: observer coverage of 45%. They usually start the fishery in April and end in May and finishes when the season does. A fishing trip lasts at least 4 days. This means there are appreciately per year, and POPA observers cover 45% of those, ensuring that over 90 trips are observed per	proxim				

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B 2.7 m Waste management plan						
The fishermen follow a waste management plan which includes avoidance of waste and the loss of fishing gears, but also collect ocean litter during the fishing trips. *	X	no				
<u>Comments / explanations:</u> As reported in previous audits, the waste treatment procedure is to separ of waste onboard and land them. Compliance is verified by the POPA observers. More in annex.	ate type	es □ see	e annex	no		
Remarks: Reference papaer: Distribution and composition of floating macro litter off the Azores archipelago and Madeira (NE Atlasurveys Philippine Chambaulta,b,*, Frederic Vandeperrea,b,c, Miguel Machetea,b, João Carvalho Lagoaa,b, C						
B 2.7 n Size vessels						
The maximum sizes of the vessels are 30 meters.		no				
Comments / explanations: one of the vessels exceeds 30 meters.		□ see	e annex	no		
B 3.3 a Employment and remuneration						
All fishermen and workers are employed by the vessel owners or the canning factory and receive at least the national minimum wage.	X	no				
Comments / explanations: current minimum wage for the Azores is EUR 698 per month. Higher than last year. ☐ see annex no The owner must guarantee at least minimum wage by law. Bonuses may be given based on catch and performance of the boat.						
B 3.3 b Code of conduct and safety trainings						
The fishermen follow a code of conduct and are regularly instructed in safety issues.						
Comments / explanations: in order to qualify for the job the fishermen must get a license. Health and safety is a big part of that. Every 5 years the license must be renewed. ASTCW is a new request from the government for new fishermen, this is a training that ASPASA are trying to implement across the fleet.						
government for new fishermen, this is a training that ASPASA are trying to implement across the flee	t.					
government for new fishermen, this is a training that ASPASA are trying to implement across the flee B 3.3 e Community involvement	t.					
	t.	no				
B 3.3 e Community involvement		no	u e annex			

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B 3.3 f Product processing				
The whole fish and all leavings are being processed.		no.		_
Comments / explanations: See annex				
B 3.3 g Processing of fish				
The processing of the fish is exclusively taking place at São Jorge Island, Azores		no		
<u>Comments / explanations:</u> the processing also happens on São Miguel with another company. But the Santa Catarina facility is in São Jorge. The fish can be landed at a variety of places, but processing is only in São Jorge or São Miguel.	-	□ see	e annex	no
B 3.3 h Storage fish				
The fish is cooled at -2°C on board before landed.		no.		
Comments / explanations: usually, it's closer to 0C or -1 °C. Sometimes -2°C is reached. Never more than 0C. This has been the case since the beginning. If the fish is held above 0C, it will most likely be rejected at landing for poor quality.		□ se	e annex	no
B 4.1 Fishing licence				
A central fishing vessel registry is maintained; only registered vessels that have been granted a fishing licence may engage involved in commercial fishing.	X	no		
Comments / explanations: this process begins the year before. Vessels request to renew a license. By historic catch is required. Licenses which are not used are often not renewed. The only type of licens central government maintains a list and the national DGRM entity also has a list.				re,
B 4.2 Quota registration				
Before embarking on a fishing trip, the vessel 's operators must ensure that the vessel has quota registered which suffices for the expected catch.	X	no		
<u>Comments / explanations:</u> this goes through APASA. APASA informs captains of their quota before they head out to a trip. When APASA know that the quota is close to being reached (they receive it from DGRM) they can inform the vessels that the fishery will be closed.		□ se	e annex	no
B 4.4 a Traceability				
The fish can be traced back to the vessel by time and catch area.	X	no		
Comments / explanations: see annex.		□ se	e annex	no

B 4.4 b Transparency				
Each landing is controlled and weighed in the harbor. Recording of vessel catch quotas and catches is	\mathbf{Z}			
done by the Fisheries Authority.				
<u>Comments / explanations:</u> this is in place – no change in recent years. DGRM updates everyone on q this is clear. The fisheries authority checks MLS (not applicable here, but for bigeye). They look at qu aspects, as well as weight of fish landed.		□ se	e annex	no

Annex for annotations



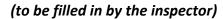
Annex No. 1	Operator / company:	Operator code:			
Relate to checkpoint in inspection report or operators profile	APASA (Associação de Produtores de Atum e Similares dos Açores)	Date: 01/12/2021			
(1)	This notification is to be reviewed after the next SRT meeting,	·			
Notification (2)	the end of 2023 according to discussions with a Naturland rep See B2.7a checklist box and further information provided in the				
Annotation	table below.	ie relevant line of the armex			
(3) Annotation	As noted in the previous inspection, the slaughtering practices due to a misunderstanding and Naturland has recognized that should not be part of the project specific management condit	t such slaughtering practices			
B2.4	The linked reports indicate the following: East Atlantic skipjack is not likely overfished and overfishing is not likely occurring, West Atlantic skipjack is not overfished, and overfishing is not occurring. There is no accurate definition of MSY at the time of writing this report. However the indicators against the reference points all point to the stock biomass is currently above MSY (for East Atlantic skipjack, biomass is estimated to be likely >1, and for West Atlantic skipjack, biomass is currently estimated to be "Probably close to 1.3B _{MSY} ". For North Atlantic albacore, there is a 98.4% chance that the stock is not overfished and overfishing is not occurring. For this stock, the Commission adopted an interim HCR in 2017, setting a maximum TAC of 50,000 t and a maximum change of 20% when B _{CUR} >B _{THR} (Rec.17-04), given the fact that the stock has been maintained at a productive and sustainable level, the 2020 report has determined that the HCR adopted by the Commission had a robust scientific basis. Indeed,				
B2.7a	the Commission recommends that this HCR is applied to the current biomass to set the TACs for 2021-2023. In 2019, APASA overshot the quota (as stated in the previous inspection report). This was due to faulty communication between the national fisheries management body, the DGRM, and the producer organisation (APASA). As a result of this overshoot, the Portuguese fleet had their quotas reduced for 2020 and 2021 (quota reduced by 600t for each year). This "fine" is due to overfishing their quota by approximately 20%, had they overfished by more, the fine would have been more severe to reflect the infringement.				
B2.7g	Catch is recorded via logbooks, and are registered by the maritime police, fisheries inspection department (belongs to central government) in the Azores. Controls were still in place, no changes due to COVID. Entities present on all islands.				
B2.7m	The government implemented a prize for the 3 best boats for vessels that were finalists in the previous year are APASA. This due to the competitive nature of the fishers.	_			
B3.3b	Trainings are also conducted every year, particularly with mat safety. COVID has been a big focus in recent years, and mater masks have all been provided to the fishermen.				

Annex for annotations



B3.3f	They sort the fish by size on the vessel. On la	nd they land the fish with Lotacur a company
	that is in charge of selling fish (they own the	auctions) they must be present during
	unloading. The fish is then weighed. Sometin	nes the fish goes straight to the cannery or
	sometimes it stays in the lotacur warehouse.	The fish is held in a frozen room. They turn the
	offal and heads into fishmeal.	
B4.4a	Traceability assurance begins with the logboo	· · · ·
	observer does the same, independently from	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	activities (a boat moving from 8 knots to 2 kr	·
	fishing is taking place). Skipjack is easy becau	· ·
	simpler process to trace back to the time and	
		ep, and traceability has been maintained as in
	previous years without issue.	
	7	Harry Emak
	1.475	Henry Ernst
Signature:	Operator/ General manager	Inspector

Annex: Catch estimation for the year 2020___





Operator (name), farm/location, address	APASA (Associação de Produtores de
	Atum e Similares dos Açores)
	Cais Stª. Cruz, Edificio Lotçar
	9900-172 Horta
	Ilha do Faial, Azores
	PORTUGAL

Please note: "The catch estimation refers to the estimated amount of fish that will be fished on the lake or sea by the fishers within the Naturland certified operation (group or company) within one year. It does **not** refer to any yield in the processing unit."

The following certification for 2021 is recommended						
Fish species	Certification acc. to Naturland Standards (sustainable)	catch estimation (kg)	Remarks			
Albacore tuna (Thunnus alalunga)	Yes					
Skipjack tuna (<i>Katsuwonus</i> pelamis)	Yes					

Location	Date	Signature inspector
Bilbao	30 November 2021	Henry Ernst