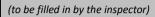
### **Naturland performance report**

## Checklist\_Wildfish\_Lake\_Victoria\_Mwanza (7.4) Season: 2022





Are there major deviations?  ☐ yes (to be dealt with high priority x no	·)		
Name of operator:	ALPHA TANZANIA SUS	STAINABLE NILE PERCH FISH	HERY
Name of inspector:	KEMILEMBE BARONGO		
Date of inspection:	10 – 15.11.2022	Inspection x announced	v On the enet increation
Start of inspection (time):		unannounced	x On-the-spot inspection  ☐ remote inspection
End of inspection (time):			
Following non-compliances have be 1) SEE ANNOTATION 2)			
In the event that Naturland has sub inspection: Please indicate here the 1) 2)			ispection focal points for
Please list here (or in annex for ann conditions are fulfilled or not:  1)SEE ANNOTATION 2)	otations) all the conditions	s from last Naturland certification	ા letter and explain if these
Recommendations/ conditions for the operator will be officially informally in			-
Statement from the operator (for N	laturland):		
The signatories confirm with their si manager of the operation confirms report.  x A copy of this document was left to A copy of this document will have	with his signature the <b>comp</b> with the operation	<b>eleteness</b> of the information laid o	down in this inspection
Operation/manager:		Inspector:	
MWANZA, 15.11.2022, Alpha Tar	nzania	MWANZA, 15.11.2022, Kemi	ilembe Barongo
Place, date, signature		Place, date, signature	

# Naturland Inspection Checklist - Season: 2022

Please take with you the latest version of the Naturland standard at every inspection!

# ${\bf Checklist\_Wildfish\_Lake\_Victoria\_Mwanza}$

This checklist requires the following supplementary documents:

Naturland performance report (page 1), annex(es) where applicable

Name of operator:

ALPHA TANZANIA SUSTAINABLE NILE PERCH FISHERY



Checkpoints marked with * are explained in detail under 'Remarks'. In case a checkpoint is only partially fulfilled, please mark 'NO'! In case you answer any question with 'NO', please provide an explanation (in comment field or annex) in any case!	OK/compliant	NO/non comp	NOT RELEVAN	NOT CHECKED
A II 2 CRITERIA REGARDING QUALITY ASSURANCE				
A II 2(a) Monitoring of environmental contaminants			_	
The quality of the fish should be checked by the factory lab or an external lab or by the competent authority. The system must be able to trace back contaminated fish.		no		
<ol> <li>A list of the contaminants and noxious substances (from both anthropogenic and natural sources) that are relevant to the region and the type of production will be submitted by the processor to Naturland.</li> <li>Alert values of max. 50% of the critical EU/German legal level, at which Naturland must be notified.</li> <li>The frequency of and processes used in the analysis of these pollutants (with reference to the water, sediment and products) will be submitted by the processor.</li> <li>Maximum permitted values must be according to the EU legal level and if above Naturland must be notified.</li> <li>Threshold values leading to the exclusion of the product from marketing. *</li> </ol>				
Comments / explanations: The quality of fish is checked at the factory	X see annex no. 16,31,32,39			
Remarks:				
>> Please make sure that this protocol is at hand (as a reference, there is a general Naturland form for	or finfish	analysi	s)	
A II 2 (b) All: Processing of fish by-products	T ===			
All the fish remainders of Nile Perch processing (frames, heads, skin, etc.) should enter a meaningful and responsible further usage.	X	no		
<u>Comments / explanations:</u> No processing is done at the BMU; all harvested fishes are delivered to the factory. There is market for all fish remainders (by products).		□ se	e annex	no

This checklist requi Naturland perforr Checkpoints marke In case a checkpoin	u the latest version of the Naturland standard at every inspection! res the following supplementary documents: mance report (page 1), annex(es) where applicable d with * are explained in detail under 'Remarks'. t is only partially fulfilled, please mark 'NO'! any question with 'NO', please provide an explanation (in comment field or	OK/compliant	NO/non compliant	NOT RELEVANT	NOT CHECKED
A III	Naturland Checklist Social Responsibility				
Naturland Checklis	t Social Responsibility has been completed. *	X	no.		
Comments / explar	nations:		□ se	e annex	no
	s at Lake Victoria: This requirement only applies to employees (formal and informa ployed or freelancing fishermen.	l emplo	yment, l	nired lal	oour)
B 1	CRITERIA REGARDING ORGANISATION OF STANDARD ROUND TABLE (SR	T)			
		16.1			
B 1 (a)	Composition of the project's Standard Round Table as to Naturland Wild requirements	dtish			
The composition of Wildfish requirement	f the project's Expert Survey/Standard Round Table is according to Naturland ents.	X	no		
Comments / explar	nations: The last SRT happened in 2020.		□ se	e annex	no
B 1 (b)	List of experts				
1	participating in the Standard Round Table Conferences are available. List of SRT be kept as stable as possible for the follow-up meetings.	X	no		
Comments / explar	nations: The last SRT happened in 2020.		□ se	e annex	no
B 1 (e)	Regular SRT meetings				
between the exper	lard Round Table has been meeting at least every four years. The intervals t surveys may be shortened by Naturland for substantive or structural reasons. agement conditions have been approved by Naturland. *	X	no		
Comments / explar	nations: The last SRT happened in 2020.		□ se	e annex	no
	tocols of SRT meetings are at hand at the project's office (frequency of meetings:a ken place on 15th and 16th of January 2020. The next meeting is planned for 2023		very fou	r years)	. The

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Checkpoints marked with \* are explained in detail under 'Remarks'.

In case a checkpoint is only partially fulfilled, please mark 'NO'!

In case you answer any question with 'NO', please provide an explanation (in comment field or annex) in any case!

OK/compliant
NO/non compliant
NOT RELEVANT
NOT CHECKED

#### B 2 CRITERIA REGARDING FISHERY ECOLOGY

Naturland reserves the right not to perform certification or to suspend the procedure if management of the fishing project is not guided by the concept of the maximum sustainable yield (MSY), i. e. the fishing mortality rate must be below Fmsy (F<Fmsy) and the biomass of the fish stock must be greater than or equal to Bmsy (B≥ Bmsy). Should no reference values be available for certain species, then as an alternative certification may be performed on the basis of the life span and manner of reproduction.

B 2.7 (a) LVFO stock assessment on the whole Lake Victoria				
There must not be any indication (by TAFIRI/LVFO/Ministry of Agriculture and Fishery) that the total Nile Perch stock in Lake Victoria is critically over fished (acute danger of not recovering). *	X	no		
Comments / explanations: Nile Perch stock assessment done in 2020.	-	□ see	e annex	no

#### Remarks:

The overall assessment of the Nile perch stocks in Lake Victoria will be done by the LVFO/TAFIRI/Ministry of Agriculture and Fishery. The latest results of the research shall be made available to the project. Both, the spawning biomass and the fishing mortality of the species, may not exceed two consecutive observations lower or above the fluctuation range around their target values. The target values for the status of the stock and the fishing mortality result from the maximum sustainable yield (MSY).

The project should take into consideration (will implement) the recommendations concerning fishing activities given by LVFO/TAFIRI/Ministry of Agriculture and Fishery and Competent Authority/Fishery Bodies based on the results of the overall assessment and up-date the Standards/criteria accordingly.

The project shall collect the updated agenda points from Fishery Bodies in charge.

>> The latest reference papers are:

Fish Stock Assessment survey on Lake Victoria (15th October to 15th November 2020) - available on net, showing that LVP stock is fairly stable and showing signs of recovery

and

FISHERIES MANAGEMENT PLAN III (FMP III) FOR LAKE VICTORIA FISHERIES 2016 - 2020

>>The next SRT must further specify nature and content of these recommendations.

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B 2.7 (b) Prohibited gear				
The following gear types and techniques shall not be used by the fishermen participating in the pilot project:  • monofilament gillnets;  • A person shall not use a gillnet paneling (vertical integration) of more than 78 meshes and not less than 6 inches mesh size for Nile Perch fishery in Lake Victoria;  • other mounted nets than mentioned above;  • all drift nets;  • beach seines;  • trawl nets;  • hooks below size no.7 or above size no.12;  • weirs;  • pesticides/chemicals;  • splashing (katuli);  • harpooning (spear guns);  • using endangered fish species as a bait;  • Explosives (n.a.).		no		
Comments / explanations: The ICS manual and internal standards have been updated that indicate the gillnets less than 6 inches mesh size are restricted		X see	annex n	o. 1

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B 2.7 (c) Fishery Monitoring Duties			_	_
A thorough monitoring of the catch development shall be performed regarding Nile Perch and the other fish species. The monitoring shall consist of:  1. Total Catch:(1) weight of right size LVP, (2) weight of undersized LVP, (3) weight of other species (4) name of other species caught in the catch of all registered boats per trip, at all participating BMUs, including identity number of boat and names of crew, are recorded by the Landing Site Monitor	X	no		
2. Catch Composition and Length Frequency at Fishery Level: report (1) length of LVP in the catch (i.e. share of different LVP size classes, including undersized, by size categories) and (2) number and name (pc) of other species (from five eco-labeled boats per supplier once per month at all landing sites, in all participating BMUs) are recorded by the Landing Site Monitor (and BMU)				
3. Cases of lost Gear shall immediately be reported to the Landing Site Monitor. Landing Site Monitor must document number of lost gear, which gear was lost, recovered gear and the reason why gear got lost.				
4. Length Frequency at Factory Level: report length of LVP delivered to the factory (from all certified suppliers, once a month, sample size 100 fish) by categorizing them in size classes/ length frequency curve according to ICS.				
5. Spot checking (1) length of LVP in the catch (i.e. share of different LVP size classes, including undersized, by size categories) and (2) number (pc) of other species (unannounced, from ten eco-labeled boats at all participating BMUs, once a year) are recorded by the Project Coordinator/ Project Manager.)				
6. Catch Data/ Records must be transferred into suitable digital format (e.g. Excel file). Data collection forms/ hard copies shall be stored.				
7. In addition, basic evaluation of data (in particular Catch per unit effort (cpue), length class frequencies at fishery and factory level, quantity and name of other species) is to be calculated by the project coordinators.				
8. Data and results are to be analyzed by respective project and results may be available to TAFIRI and LVFO. *				
Comments / explanations: There are various tools used to monitor fish like Daily catch assessment, Monthly catch assessment Data per fish supplies, and others	X see a	nnex no	.30,30b,3	<del></del> 33,28
Remarks:  Remark to 5. Spot Check: As fishing is done in nighttime and finding boats for spot-checks is a danger	rous act	ivity, spo	ot-check	s of the

boats can just be done at Landing Site.

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B 2.7 (d) Evaluating the Results of Monitoring				
Results must show that Fishing activities of Eco-labeled Landing sites involved do not contribute to over fishing:  1. The catch data evaluation (B. 2.7) shall indicate that the sustainability goals are being achieved, particularly with stable/increasing cpue and length class frequencies.  2. As a general objective, the capture of Nile perch with a length of less than 50 cm (lower slot size) shall be minimized. As a reference point, the share of undersized fish in the landings should not exceed 3% of total catch weight.  3. 100 % of Nile perch going into the factory for processing shall be above the slot size limit of 50 cm. Provided that an acceptable standard error of not exceeding minus two centimeter (-2cm) of Nile Perch slot size may be allowed.	X	no		
Comments / explanations: The project to evaluate the result of the catch monitoring		□ se	e annex	no
B 2.7 (e) Closed seasons and areas				
To observe closed seasons and closed areas.  Sanctuaries gazetted by Department of Fisheries. Those must frequently be communicated by the companies to each Landing site. Landing Site Monitor will then inform fishermen via training.	X	no		
Sanctuaries gazetted by Department of Fisheries. Those must frequently be communicated by the	X	no	e annex	
Sanctuaries gazetted by Department of Fisheries. Those must frequently be communicated by the companies to each Landing site. Landing Site Monitor will then inform fishermen via training.  Comments / explanations: The list of gazetted sanctuary areas is available and displayed at the Ihale landing site notice board, and fisherfolks are aware of. Moreover, there are many other places not gazetted but mentioned by the fishers to be respected, either no fishing activities taking place or respected for certain period	X	no		
Sanctuaries gazetted by Department of Fisheries. Those must frequently be communicated by the companies to each Landing site. Landing Site Monitor will then inform fishermen via training.  Comments / explanations: The list of gazetted sanctuary areas is available and displayed at the Ihale landing site notice board, and fisherfolks are aware of. Moreover, there are many other places not gazetted but mentioned by the fishers to be respected, either no fishing activities taking place or respected for certain period in a year.	X	no		
Sanctuaries gazetted by Department of Fisheries. Those must frequently be communicated by the companies to each Landing site. Landing Site Monitor will then inform fishermen via training.  Comments / explanations: The list of gazetted sanctuary areas is available and displayed at the Ihale landing site notice board, and fisherfolks are aware of. Moreover, there are many other places not gazetted but mentioned by the fishers to be respected, either no fishing activities taking place or respected for certain period in a year.  B 2.7 (f) Sensitization of fishers to not discard gear  The fisher folk within the project area should be sensitized by annual recorded and documented		no	e annex	no
Sanctuaries gazetted by Department of Fisheries. Those must frequently be communicated by the companies to each Landing site. Landing Site Monitor will then inform fishermen via training.  Comments / explanations: The list of gazetted sanctuary areas is available and displayed at the Ihale landing site notice board, and fisherfolks are aware of. Moreover, there are many other places not gazetted but mentioned by the fishers to be respected, either no fishing activities taking place or respected for certain period in a year.  B 2.7 (f) Sensitization of fishers to not discard gear  The fisher folk within the project area should be sensitized by annual recorded and documented training for not deliberately discarding gear in the lake.  Comments / explanations: Sensitizing is done during training and monitoring activities. Gears have several other uses; fisher folks mention returning the discarded gears to the boat owner if it is beyond repair. Discarded gillnets are used for making ropes or furniture. Lost gears are reported to the BMU and boat owners. Other supplier reported to		no	e annex	no
Sanctuaries gazetted by Department of Fisheries. Those must frequently be communicated by the companies to each Landing site. Landing Site Monitor will then inform fishermen via training.  Comments / explanations: The list of gazetted sanctuary areas is available and displayed at the Ihale landing site notice board, and fisherfolks are aware of. Moreover, there are many other places not gazetted but mentioned by the fishers to be respected, either no fishing activities taking place or respected for certain period in a year.  B 2.7 (f) Sensitization of fishers to not discard gear  The fisher folk within the project area should be sensitized by annual recorded and documented training for not deliberately discarding gear in the lake.  Comments / explanations: Sensitizing is done during training and monitoring activities. Gears have several other uses; fisher folks mention returning the discarded gears to the boat owner if it is beyond repair. Discarded gillnets are used for making ropes or furniture. Lost gears are reported to the BMU and boat owners. Other supplier reported to burn the old gears that are beyond repair.		no	e annex	no

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information, education, testing, care and treatment.

Comments / explanations: Two landing sites are participating in eco-labeling. Fisherfolks declare participating in

aid is provided for free, and Health centers for Kome Mchangani might be 120 minutes away

the organized training and provision of HIV/ AIDS services like counseling and testing and free condoms are given. First

 $\square$  see annex no.

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B 3.3 (c) Access to School for Children				
Each child (age 6 - 14) must be able to attend primary education during the complete cycle. In order to attend the school, children may not be exposed to hazardous situations or may not have to put in an effort which is not suitable for a child of that age. In populations larger than 1500 people, a primary school with trained teachers has to be present. Walking distance to the next primary school shall not be more than 5 km.	X	no		
Comments / explanations: There are primary schools within 5kms, and all re-inspected fishers living within the communities mention their children to get access to primary education free of charge. The majority of re-inspect have their families far. Children allowed to live within the landing site are 4 years and below only		□ see	e annex	no
B 3.3 (d) Life Jackets				
Compulsory life jackets (minimum 60kg carrying weight) must be carried on the boats for all crew members and must be provided free of charge. It is recommended to support fisher community in having access to safety training courses. *	X	no		
Comments / explanations: Life jackets are provided by TFPL or boat owners for all fishers free of charge. In 2022, Kome Mchangani received 40 Life jackets, and Ihale Landing site received 20 Life jackets from TFPL.		□ se	e annex	no
Remarks:  Naturland comment: Check on the quality/conditions of the life jackets available and interview the first provided free of charge.	shers if	the life	jackets	are
B 3.3 (e) Alphabetization Courses				
Fishers and fisher community shall have the possibility to participate in alphabetization courses. *	X	no		
Comments / explanations: Some matured students attending the course in Ihale and Kome Mchangani. Attached attendance list for Ihale and Mchangani		□ se	e annex	no
Remarks:  Naturland comments: Further considerations for future SRT meetings:  Fishery community to be exposed to basic education, civic education, basic health and business skills				
B 3.3 (f) Housing				
The fisher community shall live in houses that are weatherproof and well ventilated. Settlements must allow basic hygiene. *		no		<b>X</b>
<u>Comments / explanations:</u> Most fishers re-inspected are not staying at the camps except for Raphael Mangalu (supplier), who has a camp at one of the islands in Kome Mchangani, the houses were not checked since it involves crossing the water. Other camps only provide food but not accommodation		□ se	e annex	no
Remarks: This applies just to fisher communities living in camps. If there are no camps, please put a comment.	_			

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B 3.3 (g) Toilets/Latrines				
An appropriate number of gender-separated clean, public* latrines with hygienic hand washing facilities shall be available at all landing sites.	X	no		
BMUs have the responsibility of putting in place a system for keeping toilets accessible and clean.  E.g. systems such as charging a reasonable fee or an annual tax for keeping the latrines clean.				
*"Public" – in this context refers to all the people who are allowed to use the landing site. As per fisheries guidelines for the safety of the fish handled only people dealing in fish are allowed onto the landing site and it is not open to the general public. *				
Comments / explanations: Toilets at Ihale and Mchangani Landing sites are clean with flowing water.  □ see annex no. □  The toilets at Kome Mchangani is under maintenance at the time of the audit.				
Remarks:  Even though BMUs have been assigned the responsibility for cleanliness and maintenance, the project Natural certificate will be held responsible and be sanctioned if duty of BMU is not fulfilled.  "An appropriate number oflatrines" means there should be no queue during high frequented how periods a minimum of 1 pit per 50 persons must be set.				
B 3.3 (h) Potable Water				
<ul> <li>Population shall be sensitized on the issue of drinking water quality and about how to treat their water to get safe drinking water. Therefore at least after every 3 month the projects/companies must do public announced documented trainings about this issue.</li> <li>In addition, "waterguard" tablets for treating water or an equivalent water disinfectant shall be made available, free of cost. The landing site monitor shall keep a record of "water guard" tablets. The fishermen must be informed about working hours of landing site monitor as the tablets are stored in the office</li> </ul>	X	no		
<u>Comments / explanations:</u> Drinking water is (sourced from the lake for Mchangani, and public water supply for Ihale) but treated with water guard tablets. Water is available for everyone at the landing site		□ se	e annex	no
B 3.3 (cont.) CONDITIONS REGARDING ECONOMICAL ASPECTS				

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B 3.3 (i) Financial Services				
Participating fishing communities shall have access to financial services;	X			
Participating fishing communities shall be sensitized on the importance of saving money.  The project shall invite other trainers to sensitize fisher communities participating in the project concerning the importance of saving money.		no		
Comments / explanations: There are telecom mobile money services at both landing sites.		□ se	e annex	no.
Fisherfolks have enrolled themselves in SACCOs (saving accounts).				
Sensitization on saving money has been done in both landing sites during training				
B 3.3 (j) Correct Weighing of Fish				
Measures shall be in place to ensure the participating fishing community of correct weighing of fish. Fishers must have access to the weighing procedure. The weighing scales in use shall be calibrated annually and checked daily using calibrated weight by BMU. Each BMU to have at least one calibrated weighing scale.	X	no		
<u>Comments / explanations:</u> In the Ihale and Mchangani landing sites, the BMU weighing scale has been calibrated and is corrected every day to ensure the correct functioning. Fisherfolks declare the BMU scale used are trusted.		□ se	e annex	no
B 3.3 (k) Transparency in Price development				
Fish price developments along the value chain should be transparent. Processors shall sensitize suppliers to inform fishermen on cost structure and display contact number to enquire current factory price of the fish in an area where it can be seen by each and every fisherman. *	X	ol		
Comments / explanations: During the audit, the interviewed fishers, BMU, LSM's, and collectors mentioned the 9200TZS/KGS fish price. The LSM shares the price to the selected sample of fishers. However, the interviewed collectors complain on the price transparency of their agents and the lack of quick information when the price has changed.		□ se	e annex	no
Remarks:  If money is deducted from the fish price by boat owner please check if fishermen are aware about cost (costs for boat, fuel, food and so on)	st struc	ture of b	ooat ow	ner
B 3.3 (m) Fishers Associations/Role of BMUs				
Fisher folk should be encouraged to form Fishers Association(s) and to supply fish to the processor directly via the association.	X	no		
Comments / explanations: Observation; There is no enough sensitization to fishers to initiate fishers association.		□ se	e annex	no
B 4 CRITERIA REGARDING LEGAL AND MANAGEMENT ASPECTS				

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B 4.1 Compliance with law, documents					
Fishing is performed in compliance with national and international law. The fishery project has to be able to produce the corresponding documents and proof in full and freshly updated.	X	no			
Comments / explanations: There is a good level of compliance with the laws. BMU and LSM are responsible for ensuring laws have complied at the beach.		□ se	e annex	no	
B 4.3 Proof for effective implementation at every level					
The management of the fishery project is able to prove that the requirements laid down in the standards and the project-specific management conditions are implemented systematically, effectively and promptly at every level. *	X	no			
Comments / explanations: Good effort in place to prove the requirements of the standard are implemented effectively and prompt. The Project coordinator and the team are committed to ensure requirements are complied.		□ se	e annex	no	
Remarks: This proof includes: - consistent records and analysis of the catch data - feedback between the current catch data and the fishing practice in place - knowledge of current national and international regulations and fulfilment of the duties arising therefrom - establishment of mechanisms guaranteeing regular communication between the project and the fishermen with regard to social matters - existence of and compliance with a development plan (e.g. for deficient issues)					
B 4.4 Project-specific management conditions (legal framework and management	nent)				
The project-specific management conditions regarding legal framework and management are complied with. *	X	no			
Comments / explanations: Good compliance with the requirements as per the SRT agreements		□ se	e annex	no	
Remarks: The project-specific management conditions govern in particular: - obligatory documentation requirements and internal control system.					

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B 4.4 (a) Documents					
<ul> <li>The following documents must be at hand:</li> <li>List of licensed boats;</li> <li>List of gear, lost gear and list of fishers on BMU-level;</li> <li>Landing documents from BMUs (fish movement permits – in three copies, one to remain with the BMUS, The rest accompanying the lot to the factory);</li> <li>BMUs registration certificate;</li> <li>Export documents;</li> <li>BMUs are viable and operating in compliance with regulations and guidelines;</li> <li>Fishers should be encouraged to keep their own record of daily catch.</li> </ul>		no			
Comments / explanations: There are good records for licensed boats, gears, and fishers kept by the Landing site monitors and BMUs. However, fishers do not keep daily catch records in writing.					
B 4.4 (b) Training					
<ul> <li>All participants (landing site monitors, fishers, suppliers, BMU members, workers and factory staff) are familiar with the requirements of the certification and trained at least once per year.</li> <li>Training plan and reports (participants, trainers, dates and topics) and materials should be kept and available within the project.</li> </ul>	X	no			
<ul> <li>are familiar with the requirements of the certification and trained at least once per year.</li> <li>Training plan and reports (participants, trainers, dates and topics) and materials should be kept</li> </ul>	X	no	e annex		
<ul> <li>are familiar with the requirements of the certification and trained at least once per year.</li> <li>Training plan and reports (participants, trainers, dates and topics) and materials should be kept and available within the project.</li> <li>Comments / explanations: Training plan and records are available, and interviewed participants</li> </ul>	X	no			
<ul> <li>are familiar with the requirements of the certification and trained at least once per year.</li> <li>Training plan and reports (participants, trainers, dates and topics) and materials should be kept and available within the project.</li> <li>Comments / explanations: Training plan and records are available, and interviewed participants (fisherfolks) know the standards' requirements</li> </ul>	X	no			

Please take with you the latest version of the Naturland standard at every inspection!  This checklist requires the following supplementary documents:  Naturland performance report (page 1), annex(es) where applicable  Checkpoints marked with * are explained in detail under 'Remarks'.  In case a checkpoint is only partially fulfilled, please mark 'NO'!  In case you answer any question with 'NO', please provide an explanation (in comment field or annex) in any case!			NOT RELEVANT	NOT CHECKED
B 4.4 (d) Documentation of Project Management				
The management of the fishery project must be able to prove that the requirements laid down in the standards and the project-specific management conditions are implemented systematically, effectively and promptly at every level.  This proof includes:      consistent records and analysis of the catch data     feedback between the current catch data and the fishing practice in place     knowledge of current national and international regulations and fulfilment of the duties arising therefrom     establishment of mechanisms guaranteeing regular communication between the project and the fishermen with regard to social matters     existence of and compliance with a development plan (e.g. for deficient issues).	X	no		
Comments / explanations:		□ se	e annex	no
B 4.4 (e) Admission of New Participants				
For admitting new fishers, new fishing boats, new collectors, new suppliers and new landing sites into the Eco-labeling project procedures should be followed as per the company's ICS-Manual and the respective SRT standards. *	X	no		
Comments / explanations: The ICS Manual describes the engagement of the new fishers or boat or supplier after getting approval from Naturland or the Certification body		□ se	e annex	no
Remarks:  All staff having responsibility for handling and documentation of sustainable fish must first be proper before being given such responsibilities	ly train	ed in the	e require	ements

## **Annex for annotations**



A	Operator / company Al DHA TANZANIA CHOTAINADI E NII E	0 1 1 1100000	
Annex	Operator / company: ALPHA TANZANIA SUSTAINABLE NILE PERCH FISHERY PROJECT	Operator code: 1100690	
No.	PERON FISHERT PROJECT		
Relate to			
checkpoint		Data: 15 11 2022	
in inspection		Date: 15.11.2022	
report or			
operators			
profile			
B3.3	2022 Audit (Observation); There is not enough encouragement	ent done to fisherfolks to	
(m)	initiate fisher's association.		
B3.3(a)	2022 Audit (Observation); The interviewed fishers confess to	hiring day workers that	
	can be ecolabel OR non-ecolabel. However, all audited boats	s had registered fishers.	
B2.7 (d)	2022 Audit (Observation); The project to evaluate the catch records collected every day		
	and monthly.		
	2024 A 19		
В 3.3	2021 Audit		
(g)	The toilets at Kome Mchangani were reported to be everflowing reculting in being		
	The toilets at Kome Mchangani were reported to be overflowing, resulting in being		
	closed several times. However, the toilets at Ihale and Mcha	_	
	clean with flowing water. The service is charged at Mchanga	ni, 200TZS per service.	
	2022 Audit - Posolyod The new soak away tank was constru	icted However the	
	2022 Audit – Resolved, The new soak-away tank was constructed. However, the		
	chamber had a problem, and the fixing was ongoing at the t	ime of the audit.	
B 4.4 (c)	2020 Audit (Not sufficiently resolved)		
D 4.4 (C)	2020 Addit (Not sufficiently resolved)		
	The interviewed fishers do not know the contract's content	and the consequences if	
	they do not abide by the Naturland standard. However, newly registered fishers have		
		, •	
	signed an updated contract, and 12% of the registered fishe	_	
	80% of fishers in Ihale landing sites are recorded to attend s	pecific training on contract.	
	2022 Audit – all interviewed workers are aware of the contra	act and have been given a	
		act and have been given d	
	сору.		
B 4.4	2021 Audit –There is an inconsistency of records confirmed	at Mchangani records For	
	•	<u> </u>	
(d)	example, on 22.10.2021, fish permit and other receiving and	-	
	were 9350kgs, but Daily catch recorded 9546kgs, on 10.09.2	021, permit recorded	

## **Annex for annotations**



	2912kgs, but daily catch indicated 3012kgs, on 03.03.21, permit indicated 3100kgs, daily catch 3200kgs, and others. Some daily catch reports have not stated the weight of catched fish.
	2022 Audit – Resolved, no inconsistency confirmed
B3.3 (b)	2021 Audit (Annotation); There is a camp located at the Island in Kome Mchangani that
	depends on the first aid kit services at the landing site; first aid facility is necessary at
	the camp.
	2022 AUDIT – Resolved; TFPL has supplied the first aid kit and trained the camp's
	manager. However, the audit did not involve crossing the island and confirming the
	information given.

	Alpha Tanzania	thango
Signature:	Operator/ General manager	Inspector

# Annex (Naturland Checklist International): Catch estimation for the year 2022 (to be filled in by the inspector)



Operator (name),	ALPHA TANZANIA SUSTAINABLE NILE PERCH FISHERY PROJECT
farm/location, address:	PLOT NO. 18&19, IGOGO INDUSTRIAL AREA

**Please note:** "The catch estimation refers to the estimated amount of fish that will be fished on the lake or sea by the fishers within the Naturland certified operation (group or company) within one year. It does **not** refer to any yield in the processing unit."

The following certification for 2022 is recommended			
Fish species	Certification acc. to Naturland Standards (sustainable)	catch estimation (kg)	Remarks
Nile Perch	YES	360,320	Harvested 288,032kgs (2022)

Location	Date	Signature inspector
TFP OFFICE, MWANZA	15.11.2022	thango